

Hydrogen molecular ions and fundamental constants

T. Louvradoux^a, J. Heinrich^a, M. Haidar^a, A. Douillet^{a,b}, L. Hilico^{a,b}, J.-Ph. Karr^{a,b}, V.I. Korobov^c, S. Patra^d, M. Germann^d, J.C.J. Koelemeij^d

^a *Laboratoire Kastler Brossel, Sorbonne Université, CNRS, ENS-PSL University, Collège de France, Case 74, 4 place Jussieu, 75005 Paris, France*

^b *Université d'Evry-Val d'Essonne, Boulevard François Mitterrand, 91025 Evry, France*

^c *Bogolyubov Laboratory of Theoretical Physics, Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna 141980, Russia*

^d *LaserLaB and Department of Physics & Astronomy, VU University, De Boelelaan 1081, 1081 HV Amsterdam, The Netherlands*

High-precision spectroscopy of hydrogen molecular ions has been proposed more than four decades ago as a way to determine the proton-to-electron mass ratio m_p/m_e [1]. This idea has not lost its relevance today [2], even considering the precision achieved in recent measurements of the electron and proton masses [3], but needs to be reanalyzed in the light of the current debate on the proton radius [4].

We have shown [5] that combined measurements in H_2^+ and HD^+ could be used to cross-check the proton/deuteron radii and Rydberg constant. To that end the theoretical accuracy should be improved to a few 10^{-12} ; recent progress in the calculation of $m\alpha^8$ -order QED corrections [6] has brought us closer to this goal. The most appropriate ro-vibrational transitions, experimental methods by which they can be measured, and experimental status will be discussed. Finally, the prospects of using hydrogen molecular ions as probes of a possible time variation of m_p/m_e will be reviewed [7].

-
- [1] W.H. Wing, G.A. Ruff, W.E. Lamb, Jr., and J.J. Spezeski, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **36**, 1488 (1976).
[2] S. Patra, J.-Ph. Karr, L. Hilico, M. Germann, V.I. Korobov, and J.C.J. Koelemeij, *J. Phys. B* **51**, 024003 (2018).
[3] S. Sturm *et al.*, *Nature* **506**, 467 (2014); F. Heiße *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **119**, 033001 (2017).
[4] A. Antognini *et al.*, *Science* **339**, 417 (2013); A. Beyer *et al.*, *Science* **358**, 79 (2017); H. Fleurbaey *et al.*, *arXiv:1801.08816* (2018).
[5] J.-Ph. Karr, L. Hilico, J. C. J. Koelemeij, and V. I. Korobov, *Phys. Rev. A* **94**, 050501(R) (2016).
[6] V. I. Korobov, L. Hilico, and J.-Ph. Karr, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **118**, 233001 (2017).
[7] S. Schiller, D. Bakalov, and V. I. Korobov, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **113**, 023004 (2014); J.-Ph. Karr, *J. Mol. Spectrosc.* **300**, 37 (2014); J.-Ph. Karr *et al.*, *J. Phys.: Conf. Ser.* **723**, 012048 (2016).